



Deletion & Substitution! 🚥

SAY	We are going to say our Deletion & Substitution chant! Repeat the chant after me! "It's Deletion & Substitution time! We want to change the beginning, middle, and ending sounds! We want to make a new word."
Do	Say one sentence at a time of the Deletion & Substitution chant and ask the students to repeat after you.
SAY	Let's practice our Substitution skills! When we substitute or replace the syllables in the words with a different syllables, this is called substitution. The word is misuse. Now, let's try substituting everything after the prefix for "behave". What's the prefix? Yes, "mis". Give it a try.
Do	Listen and watch as students think of the word. Provide support as needed.
SAY	Ok, let's hear them. The starting word was misuse. The new word is?
Do	Solicit responses from students.



SAY	Yes. "misuse"! Did you do it? What if we want to say miscalculate. How do we change the word?
Do	Solicit responses from students.
SAY	Yes! To change it to "miscalculate" we substitute the "use" for "calculate". Great work with that puzzle!
Do	If you have time, try one more substitution. Substitution Word List: miscalculate - substitute the "calculate" for "adventure"
	Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model. My turn: Say the word. Say the individual sounds in the word while tapping your fingers. Your turn: Have students repeat. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice which will further develop their skill.





Introduce the sounds!

In this unit, we look at the ly, full, ness, and less suffixes and ti, ci, and si sound letter cards.

A suffix is a group of letters at the ending of a word that changes the meaning of the word.

For example, the suffix "ful" changes "help" to "helpful", which means "full of help". /h/ /ĕ/ /l/ /p/ | /f/ /ə/ /l/ = helpful.

helpful helpful

strangely /h//ĕ//l//p/l/f//ə//l/= /s//t//r//ā//n//j/l/l//ē/= strangely

••• SAY Learning new sounds is so cool! Repeat our chant after me! "It's time to learn new sounds! We use the sound rule to help us read!"

DO

Say one sentence at a time of the Introduce the Sound chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



SAY	Let's learn a super cool new rule today! In this unit, we'll decode, spell, and determine the meaning of words with suffixes and word endings. A suffix is a group of letters at the ending of a word that changes the meaning of the word. Today, we'll preview decoding, spelling, and determining the meaning of words with suffixes. This unit, we'll be looking at these suffixes and these sound letter cards.
Do	Hold up the suffix cards (ly, full, ness, less) and the sound letter cards ti, ci, si .
SAY	When a word has a suffix or word ending, it can change the meaning of the word. For example, when I see helpful, I say /h/ /e/ /I/ /p/ /f/ /ə/ /I/ = helpful, or full of help. Before we go any further, let's review each of these spellings and all our cards.
DO	Flip through and review all the sound spelling cards students have learned so far. (Sound Letter Cards: a, e, i, o, u, wh, sh, ch, ng, ck, ph, qu, ai, ay, ee, ea, igh, c, g, oa, oe, gu, ar, eigh, ei, ey, er, y, ie, ir, y_e, or, ow, ou, ough, ur, ew, ui, eu, oi, oy, au, wor, ear, gu, gue, kn, gn, wr)
SAY	Remember, a suffix is a group of letters that go after a word, that change the meaning of a word.





Blend the sounds! 🚥

SAY	Blending sounds helps us read the words smoothly! Repeat our chant after me! "It's time to blend the sounds! It's time to blend the sounds to help us read the words smoothly!"
Do	Say one sentence at a time of the Blend the Sounds chant and ask the students to repeat after you.
SAY	Let's practice blending the sounds in some words today! When we blend the sounds in words, it helps us read the words smoothly. Let's try it. The suffix is its own syllable. We chop it off to look at the rest of the word when decoding.
Do	Point to the word strangely.



SAY	I notice that this word has the suffix I-y in it. We'll underline anything that sticks together and chop off the suffix syllable. I see 2 vowels, but one is just there to make g say /j/. I see one suffix, so I probably have 2 syllables. I need to chop off I-y.
Do	Chop. strange ly
SAY	I think we're ready to decode the word. Let's try. As you listen to me decode it, you can chop down your arm.
Do	Start at your shoulder, and chop/tap the sounds out. When it's time to blend, start back at the shoulder and run your hand smoothly down your arm.
SAY	s says /s/, t says /t/, r says /r/, a says /a/, n says /n/, g says /j/ and I-y says /I/ /e/ = /s/ /t/ /r/ /a/ /n/ /j/ /I/ /e/ = "strangely". Let's clap out the syllables and blend the word together by syllable using our Double Decker Elkonin Boxes .
Do	Segment and blend the word strangely using the Double Decker Elkonin Boxes.
SAY	The suffix ly means like. This word means like strange. Smart blending!



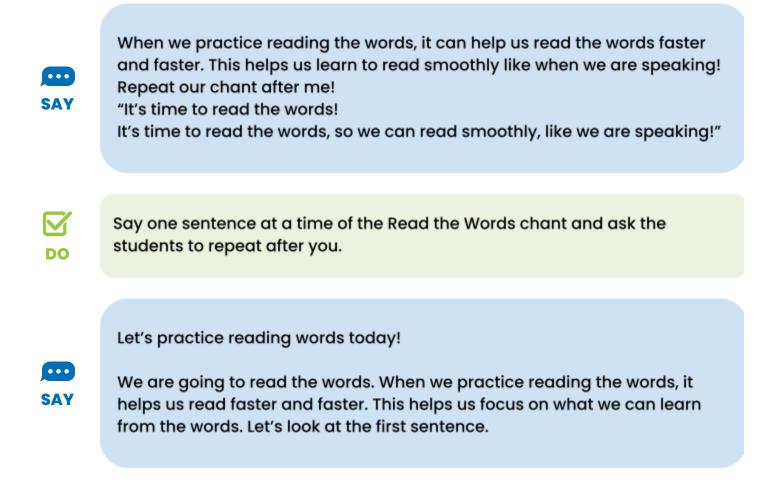
DO



If students need more practice, pick from the word list and follow the steps above.

Blend Word List: happiness - the state of happy, electrician

Read the words! 应





Do	Point to the first sentence: He made a suggestion to the teacher.
SAY	Let's start reading. If we come to a word we don't know, we'll stop and figure it out. Here we go.
Do	 Guide the students along in the sentence stopping to decode words when necessary. If students become stuck on a word, use the decoding strategies we've been practicing. 1. Underline any letters that go together. Put dots under your vowels. 2. Draw in the syllable break. 3. Look for the spelling patterns. 4. Name any phonetic rules that help with pronunciation. 5. Try reading it. Is it right? If not, try another pronunciation. 6. When you have it right, start the sentence again to make sure you're reading for meaning.
SAY	Excellent work!
ро	 Repeat these steps with a couple more sentences. Sentence 2: I need your permission to go out in the darkness. Sentence 3: She was delightful!
SAY	A suffix is a group of letters after a word that changes the meaning of the word. Those brains are growing!





Decode the words!

SAY	Decoding is when you break up the sounds in a word and read each sound one at a time. Then you blend the sounds together to read the word! Repeat our chant after me! "It's time to decode the sounds in the words! It's time to decode the sounds in the words so we can read the words!"
Do	Say one sentence at a time of the Decode the Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.
	Let's practice decoding the sounds in words today!
SAY	We are going to decode the words. Remember decoding is when you break up the sounds in a word and read each sound one at a time. Then you blend the sounds together to read the word! When we decode the sounds in words, it helps us read the words correctly. Look at our words for today.
Do	Point to the words.





SAY	 Follow this <u>routine</u>: Underline any letters that go together. Put dots under your vowels. Draw in the syllable break. Look for the spelling patterns. Name any phonetic rules that help with pronunciation. Try reading it. Is it right? If not, try another pronunciation.
Do	Partner students.
SAY	You and your partner work together to decode these words (angrily, helpful, closeness, jobless, description, conversation, electrician). I'll be by to listen. Use your Double Decker Elkonin Boxes .
Do	Listen as students decode the word. Take notes on the students that can accurately articulate the sounds and read the word and students that may need reteaching and/or additional support.
SAY	Excellent work applying our new rule to decoding words today!



Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model.

My turn: Say the word. Say the individual sounds in the word while tapping your fingers.

Your turn: Have students repeat. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice which will further develop their skill.

Spell the words! 🚥

SAY

When we can spell words, it shows that we met the target. When we hear the sounds, we can match the sounds to the correct letters and spell the word! Repeat our chant after me! "It's time to spell the words!

It's time to spell the words to show we understand the rule!"

Say one sentence at a time of the Spell the Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



Let's practice spelling words today!

SAY

We are going to spell the words. Remember when we can spell words with the correct rule it shows that we met the target. When we hear the sounds we can match the sounds to the correct letters and spell the word! Listen to our words for today. The word is formation. How would we spell the word formation? Let's listen to the sounds and match the sound to the correct letter. Let's start by clapping out the syllables.

DO	Say the word together and clap the syllables.
SAY	Formation. Three syllable. We'll do each syllable. First syllable?
DO	Clap it again and isolate the first syllable. for ma tion.
SAY	For. /f/ /or/. Use your whiteboards .
DO	Write f - o - r.
SAY	Clap the syllables again isolate the second syllable. for ma tion. Next syllable is ma.



Do	Clap and isolate the second syllable.
	Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group revisit the spelling for the word. For decodable words: Say my turn. [Say and sound out the word.] If any students missed a sound or used an incorrect letter to represent the sound, reference the appropriate wall card. Then say your turn. Guide students as necessary to record letters for each sound they hear in the word.
SAY	ma. /m/ /a/. We can spell the long vowel a with just an a because it's an open syllable.
Do	Write m - a.
SAY	Clap the syllables again isolate the third syllable. for ma tion. Next syllable is tion.
Do	Clap and isolate the third syllable.
SAY	tion. /sh /u/ /n/. I know that t-i is the most common spelling for the word ending "shun". I'll spell it with t-i.



DO	Write t - i - o - n.
SAY	Let's sound it out to make sure it spells the word we want.
DO	Sound out the word again.
SAY	Does this look right?
DO	Allow students to respond.
SAY	I think so too! Great work!
	Repeat with additional words from list if students need more practice.
DO	Spell Word List: reaction, selection
	Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group revisit the spelling for the word. For decodable words: Say my turn. [Say and sound out the word.] If any students missed a sound or used an incorrect letter to represent the sound, reference the appropriate wall card. Then say your turn. Guide students as necessary to record letters for each sound they hear in the word.





High Frequency Words! 🚥

SAY	Some words we can sound out now, some words we'll learn how to sound out later, and some words are rule breakers and we can't sound out. Words that show up a lot in books are called High Frequency Words. Let's learn some! Repeat our chant after me! "We see high frequency words all the time! Let's figure out how to read them!"
Do	Say one sentence at a time of the High Frequency Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.
SAY	Let's read our high frequency words! Today, we're learning 3 new words!
Do	Display the words thanks and from.
SAY	These words follow the rules. What do they say?
Do	Give students a few seconds to analyze the words.



SAY	Let's read them together.
DO	Read thanks and from together. Display some.
SAY	The o in this word makes a short u sound, /u/. Read the word.
Do	Listen as students sound out the word. Offer help as necessary.
SAY	Excellent! Let's read our previous high frequency words!
DO	Point to or hold up all the high frequency words to this point as the students read them.
SAY	Excellent work learning 3 new high frequency words today. High Frequency Word List: thanks, from, some



Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model.

My turn: Say the word. Say the individual sounds in the word while tapping your fingers.

Your turn: Have students repeat. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice which will further develop their skill.

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