

Deletion & Substitution!



SAY

We are going to say our Deletion & Substitution chant! Repeat the chant after me!

"It's Deletion & Substitution time!

We want to change the beginning, middle, and ending sounds! We want to make a new word."



Say one sentence at a time of the Deletion & Substitution chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



Let's practice our Substitution skills! When we substitute or replace the sounds in the words with a different sound, this is called substitution. The word is shrank,

SAY

/sh/ /r/ /a/ /n/ /k/. Now, let's substitute the vowel sound. Instead of long a, use short i. What's our new word?



Listen and watch as students think of the word. Provide support as needed.



Ok, let's hear them. /sh//r//i//n//k/ = "shrink". Now substitute the short i with short u. What's the new word? This is really hard.

Teachers Lesson Plan: Curriculum Level C





DO

Listen and watch as students think of the word. Provide support as needed.



You got it. The new word is /sh//r//u//n//k/ = "shrunk". Nice work substituting!



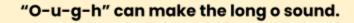
Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model.

My turn: Say the word. Say the individual sounds in the word while tapping your fingers.

Your turn: Have students repeat. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice which will further develop their skill.

Introduce the sounds! ____







For example, "o-u-g-h" says $|\bar{o}|$ like though. We say $|\bar{t}|$ $|\bar{o}|$ = though.

though although
$$/ th / |\bar{o}| = though$$
 $/ al / | / th / |\bar{o}| = although$





Learning new sounds is so cool! Repeat our chant after me! "It's time to learn new sounds!

SAY

We use the sound rule to help us read!"



Say one sentence at a time of the Introduce the Sound chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



Let's learn a super cool new rule today!

SAY

Today, we'll look at decoding and spelling words with the long o spelled o-u-g-h.



Hold up the Sound Letter o-u-g-h card.



SAY

O-u-g-h is one way to make the long o sound. O-u-g-h can say long o, /o/ and can also make five other sounds. Today, we're just focusing on the long o sound. For example, when we see though, we say /th//o/ = though. When I hold up this card we'll say /o/ to help us remember. Say it with me.



Listen as all the students say /o/.





SAY

When we see this card, we can say /o/ for now. Before we start practicing decoding words, let's review our sound cards.



Flip through and review all the sound spelling cards students have learned so far. (Sound Letter Cards: a, e, i, o, u, wh, sh, ch, ng, ck, ph, qu, ai, ay, ee, ea, igh, c, g, oa, oe, gu, ar, eigh, ei, ey, er, y, ie, ir, y_e, or, ow, ou)



SAY

Remember, o-u-g-h can say /o/. Let's practice reading our new spelling pattern!

Blend the sounds! ____



Blending sounds helps us read the words smoothly! Repeat our chant after me!

SAY

"It's time to blend the sounds! It's time to blend the sounds to help us read the words smoothly!"



DO

Say one sentence at a time of the Blend the Sounds chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



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Let's practice blending the sounds in some words today!

SAY

When we blend the sounds in words, it helps us read the words smoothly. Let's try it. Remember, o-u-g-h can say /o/.



Point to the word though.



SAY

I notice that this word has an o-u-g-h.



Underline it to show that it stays together.

DO

SAY

Let's sound out the word.



Start at your shoulder, and chop/tap the sounds out. When it's time to blend, start back at the shoulder and run your hand smoothly down your arm.



/th//o/. Putting it altogether. /th//o/ = "though". Let's segment and blend the word together now using our Double Decker Elkonin Boxes.



Segment and blend the word though using the Double Decker Elkonin Boxes.





SAY

Smart blending! Remember, o-u-g-h can say /o/. Great thinking while blending the sounds today!

Read the words! ____



SAY

When we practice reading the words, it can help us read the words faster and faster. This helps us learn to read smoothly like when we are speaking! Repeat our chant after me!

"It's time to read the words!

It's time to read the words, so we can read smoothly, like we are speaking!"



DO

Say one sentence at a time of the Read the Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



Let's practice reading words today!

SAY

We are going to read the words. When we practice reading the words, it helps us read faster and faster. This helps us focus on what we can learn from the words. Let's look at the first word.



Point to the word although.





SAY

When we read this word, we look to see what spelling pattern it uses so we know what vowel sound to make. I see o-u-g-h. Let's underline it to remember it stays together. I also see a separate vowel. Dot your vowels. This is probably 2 syllables.

|a|/I| = "al" and |th|/o|. Put it together |a|/I|/th/o| = "although". Your turn using the Double Decker Elkonin Boxes.



Listen as students read the word. Take notes on the students that can accurately articulate the sounds and read the word and students that may need reteaching and/or additional support.



Yes, the word is "although". Remember, o-u-g-h can say /o/.



Display the sentence: Although the sword was broke, the fellow drew his bow and arrow.



SAY

Take a couple minutes to read this sentence with your partner. All of the words follow rules you've learned or are High Frequency Words you've learned. Raise your hands when you have the whole sentence read and I'll come listen. You can do it!





DO

Monitor and assist. You may support by asking students to recognize the spelling pattern, prompting students to use the long or short vowel sound, asking students to underline letters that stick together, etc.



I'll read it aloud as you read it with me.





Read sentence.



Those brains are growing!

Decode the words!



Decoding is when you break up the sounds in a word and read each sound one at a time. Then you blend the sounds together to read the word! Repeat our chant after me!

SAY

"It's time to decode the sounds in the words! It's time to decode the sounds in the words so we can read the words!"



DO

Say one sentence at a time of the Decode the Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.



Let's practice decoding the sounds in words today!



SAY

We are going to decode the words. Remember decoding is when you break up the sounds in a word and read each sound one at a time. Then you blend the sounds together to read the word! When we decode the sounds in words, it helps us read the words correctly. Look at our words for today.



Point to the words.

Follow this routine:



SAY

1. Underline any letters that go together. Put dots under your vowels.

- Draw in the syllable break.
- Look for the spelling patterns.
- 4. Name any phonetic rules that help with pronunciation.
- 5. Try reading it. Is it right? If not, try another pronunciation.



Partner students.



SAY

You and your partner work together to decode these words (though, although). I'll be by to listen. Use your Double Decker Elkonin Boxes.





DO

Listen as students decode the word. Take notes on the students that can accurately articulate the sounds and read the word and students that may need reteaching and/or additional support.



Excellent work applying our new rule to decoding words today!



Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model.

My turn: Say the word. Say the individual sounds in the word while tapping your fingers.

Your turn: Have students repeat. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice which will further develop their skill.

Spell the words! ____



sounds, we can match the sounds to the correct letters and spell the word! Repeat our chant after me!

When we can spell words, it shows that we met the target. When we hear the

"It's time to spell the words!

It's time to spell the words to show we understand the rule!"





Say one sentence at a time of the Spell the Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.

Let's practice spelling words today!



We are going to spell the words. Remember when we can spell words with the correct rule it shows that we met the target. When we hear the sounds we can match the sounds to the correct letters and spell the word! Listen to our words for today. The word is though. How would we spell the word though? Even though it was cool out, we still got sweaty on our walk to school. Let's listen to the sounds and match the sound to the correct letter. The word is "though". I hear th//o. We'll use o-u-g-h for the long o sound. Use your **whiteboards**.



Watch as students spell the word using the letter and sound connections. Take notes on the students that can accurately articulate the sound and spell the word and students that may need reteaching and/or additional support.



Yes, when we spell the word though we write the letters t-h-o-u-g-h. Let's change though to although. How do I spell the word although? Use your whiteboards.





Watch as students spell the word using the letter and sound connections. Take notes on the students that can accurately articulate the sound and spell the word and students that may need reteaching and/or additional support.



Yes, when we write "although" we write the letters a-I-t-h-o-u-g-h. Excellent! Remember, o-u-g-h can say /o/. Great thinking! Awesome job spelling words today!



Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group revisit the spelling for the word.

For decodable words: Say my turn. [Say and sound out the word.] If any students missed a sound or used an incorrect letter to represent the sound, reference the appropriate wall card. Then say your turn. Guide students as necessary to record letters for each sound they hear in the word.



High Frequency Words! ____



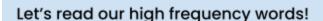
SAY

Some words we can sound out now, some words we'll learn how to sound out later, and some words are rule breakers and we can't sound out. Words that show up a lot in books are called High Frequency Words. Let's learn some! Repeat our chant after me!

"We see high frequency words all the time! Let's figure out how to read them!"



Say one sentence at a time of the High Frequency Words chant and ask the students to repeat after you.





SAY

Today, we're learning I new word that doesn't make the sounds it looks like it should. Some of these high frequency words are tricky, but not too tricky for us!



Display the word one.





SAY

This word makes the sounds /w//u//n/ =one. I have one nose on my face. The letters don't help too much. We have to remember we read this word as "one". Read this word with me.



Listen to responses.

Yes! o-n-e says "one". Read it again.

SAY

Point to words and listen to students read.

DO

SAY

Excellent! Let's read our previous high frequency words!

DO

Point to or hold up all the high frequency words to this point as the students read them.

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Excellent work learning I new high frequency word today.

SAY

High Frequency Word List: one





Correction Routine: If any students make an error, have the whole group watch as you model.

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