

# Lesson 3

## Listen to a rhyme



DO

Have students sit with their partners for the week. Post or project the rhyme, “Mary Had a Little Lamb” and read the title aloud.



SAY

Students, remember that in Shared Reading, we will reread texts together many times. When we practice rereading texts, we become stronger readers.



DO

Turn to page 1 to and read aloud the title and name of the illustrator. Ask students to follow along as you read. Then read aloud the rhyme two times, clearly and smoothly, pointing to each word as you read.



SAY

You’ll remember this rhyme from the last lesson. I am going to read it aloud two times and you will listen and follow along as I read. As I read, I want you to listen for any rhyming words you hear.



DO

Turn to page 1 and point to and read aloud the title and name of the illustrator. Then point to the first word of the rhyme. Ask students to follow along as you read and listen for any rhyming words they hear. Then read aloud the rhyme, clearly and smoothly, pointing to each word as you read.

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SAY

Now I am going to ask you a question about the text and you will turn to your partner and take turns answering it.



DO

Ask the following comprehension question. After students discuss the question in pairs, invite one or two students to share with the group: (Turn to page 4.) This page says the lamb's fleece was white as snow. Look at the illustration. What do you think the word fleece means? What makes you think that? (The lamb's wool; the white in the illustration is of the lamb's wool).



SAY

We will read this rhyme again in the next lesson.

## Read High Frequency Words



SAY

Students, next we will read a decodable text that has many words we can read because they are words that include the sounds we know. It also includes some words that can't be sounded out. Before we read our decodable text today, we are going to practice reading the words that we will see that can't be sounded out. We need to know these words by sight, or automatically, so we call these "High Frequency Words." For these words, you will read and spell each word. Read, spell, read.



DO

Some frequently used words are not decodable with the phonics students know. Students will learn to spell and recognize these words by sight. This will support their ability to read them accurately when they encounter them in texts. Introduce or review the High Frequency Words, and consider posting the words for easy reference during the lessons.

Level A High Frequency Words: no new High Frequency Words

Previously Taught Word list: the, I, like, play, go, with, all, or, one, by, what, were, out, many, these, so, some, her, would, look, two, more, write, are, my, of, see, to, was, said, into

## Reading decodable text



SAY

Now we will read the decodable text, "Cass and I Play" which includes words we can decode and High Frequency Words we know or just practiced.



DO

Post the text, "Cass and I Play," so that all students can see the words. Read aloud the title of the text.



SAY

I am going to read this text aloud. As I read, I will point to each word and you will listen, watch, and follow along silently. Ready?

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Reread the title, then read the text aloud, clearly and smoothly, pointing to each word as you read.



There are a lot of High Frequency Words we know in this text: I, play, is, two, of, or, my, are, like, write, to, the, go. Can you help me find these words in the text?



Have a volunteer point to a high frequency word in the text. Then, underline every occurrence of each word.



When we read this text, we know that these are the words we have to recognize by sight or automatically. They are not words we should try to decode sound-by-sound.



Tell students that you will read aloud the text one more time and ask them to follow along as you read. Read aloud the text, clearly and smoothly, pointing to each word as you read. Then, Distribute a copy of the decodable text to each student.

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Students, now we will read aloud the decodable text together. But first you will underline the same words in your copy of the text that are underlined in the enlarged text. These are the words you cannot decode using the sounds you have learned.



Have students underline the words underlined in the enlarged text on their copy of the text. Have them say each word as they underline it.



Now we will chorally read aloud the words of this text together. As I read, you will follow along on your own text and read out loud what I am reading. Ready?



Read the text aloud chorally with the students. Be sure to model fluent reading for students, reading not too slowly or too fast. During choral reading, make a mental note of any students who have challenges and which words cause hesitation. When you are finished reading, give the whole group specific, positive feedback about how they read.



Now I am going to ask you some questions about the text. When I ask a question, you are going to turn to your partner and take turns answering the question.

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Ask the following comprehension questions one at a time. After students discuss each question in pairs, invite one or two students to share with the group: Who are the characters in this story? (Cass and the narrator) What do they like to do together? (Play together, play ball, write on the wall)



**Correction Routine:** During choral reading, if any students make an error, have the whole group stop and reread the word, then the entire phrase or sentence before moving on. Addressing the whole group, rather than providing individual corrections, allows all students additional practice to further develop their skill, and avoids singling out any students who struggle.

For decodable words: Point to the sound-spelling wall card. Say the mnemonic and have students repeat the associated sound. Then, point to the word that prompted the error during reading. Have all students reread the word and then the entire sentence.

For High Frequency Words and other non-decodable words: Tell students the word. Then, point to the beginning of the phrase or sentence and have students reread the entire sentence.



Students, now you are going to read the text aloud to yourself three times. Practicing rereading the text will help you read all the words accurately, or correctly. As you read, I am going to listen to some students read.



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DO

Have students bring their copy of the text to a space in the room where they can read it aloud quietly and not disturb others.



SAY

Remember that as you read, use a quiet voice, or whisper voice, so that you can hear yourself read without disturbing those around you. Remember to read the text aloud three times and to use your finger to point to each word as you read.



DO

Have students begin reading. As they read, listen in on one or two students who had challenges during choral reading. Focus your support on helping them decode accurately, reminding them to use the sound-spellings they have learned and practiced. When all students are finished reading, collect their copies of the text.



SAY

In the next lesson, we will read this text again as a group and you will practice reading it to your partner.

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**Correction Routine:** During independent reading, stop any students that make an error. Have the student reread the word, then the entire phrase or sentence before moving on.

For decodable words: Point to the sound-spelling wall card. Say the mnemonic and have students repeat the associated sound. Then, point to the word that prompted the error during reading. Have all students reread the word and then the entire sentence.

For High Frequency Words and other non-decodable words: Tell students the word. Then, point to the beginning of the phrase or sentence and have students reread the entire sentence.



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## **“Cass and I Play”**

This is Cass.

The two of us play a lot.

Cass and I play when it is hot.

Or when it gets cold.

Playing ball is fun.

Cass kicks the ball.

I kick it back.

Running is fun.

Cass and I are fast.

Cass and I like to write on the wall.

Mom called. Got to go!